This article was downloaded by:

On: 29 January 2011

Access details: Access Details: Free Access

Publisher Taylor & Francis

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK



## Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: <a href="http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290">http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290</a>

# Synthesis and Properties of 2-Alkylene/Dialkyl Dithiophosphato-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes

Neelam Harkuta; Padam N. Nagara

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemistry, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur, India

**To cite this Article** Harkut, Neelam and Nagar, Padam N.(2005) 'Synthesis and Properties of 2-Alkylene/Dialkyl Dithiophosphato-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 180: 11, 2517 — 2524

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/104265090929922 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/104265090929922

### PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf

This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon, 180:2517-2524, 2005

Copyright © Taylor & Francis Inc. ISSN: 1042-6507 print / 1563-5325 online

DOI: 10.1080/104265090929922



## Synthesis and Properties of 2-Alkylene/Dialkyl Dithiophosphato-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes

## Neelam Harkut Padam N. Nagar

Department of Chemistry, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur, India

Reactions of 2-chloro-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes with ammonium alkylene/dialkyl dithiophosphates in a 1:1 molar ratio in refluxing benzene solution yields nonvolatile, yellow viscous liquids of the type OGOP(S)S(O)POGO and  $(RO)_2$  P(S)S(O) POGO, respectively.  $[G = -CH_2CH_2CHCH_3-, -C(CH_3)_2CH_2CHCH_3-, -CH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2; R = i-C_3H_7, C_2H_5]$ .

These compounds are hygroscopic and monomeric in nature. The newly synthesized derivatives have been characterized by physicochemical and spectroscopic techniques (IR, NMR [ $^{1}$ H& $^{31}$ P], and M.W).

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Keywords} & 2-Chloro-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes; ammonium O; O^1-alkylene/dialkyl dithiophosphate \\ \end{tabular}$ 

#### INTRODUCTION

The work carried out in the last two decades on the derivatives of organophosphorus ligands (cyclic phosphites,<sup>1</sup> dialkylphosphonates,<sup>1</sup> thiophosphites,<sup>1,2</sup> dialkyl [alkylene] dithiophosphates,<sup>3–7</sup> monoalkylmonosodiophosphonates,<sup>8</sup> and trithiophosphate were mainly centered on their metal and organometal derivatives.

In view of this, as well as the recent investigations carried out on dialkyl (aryl) phosphoryl derivatives of alkylene dithiophosphates<sup>9</sup> and o-alkyl and S-alkyl trithiophosphates derivatives<sup>10</sup> of organotin (IV), it was considered of interest to extend the present course of investigations on the synthesis and characterization of the 2-alkylene/dialkyl dithiophosphato-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxa phosphorinanes.

Received September 7, 2004; accepted December 1, 2004.

This article, is dedicated to the late Prof. Ram Charan Mehrotra, Professor Emeritus, U.O.R. Jaipur, India.

Address correspondence to Padam N. Nagar, University of Rajasthan, Department of Chemistry, Jaipur 302 004, India. E-mail: rkbohra@satyam.net.in

Zwrierzak in 1967 had reported the synthesis and IR studies of cyclic hydrogen phosphates, thiophosphites,  $^{11}$  and some sterically hindered cyclic hyphophosphate systems and related compounds.  $^{12,13}$  The derivatives of type OGOP(X) YP (Z) OGOP, where X,Y,Z = O,S and Se $^{12,13}$  as well as phosphorus-containing polysulphides  $^{14}$  [R $_2$ P(X)  $S_n$ P(X)R $_2$ ,  $R_2$ P(X)S $_n$ R] had also been reported with very little structural information.

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

Reactions of ammonium alkylene/dialkyl dithiophosphates with 2-chloro-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes OGOP(O)Cl in a 1:1 molar ratio in anhydrous benzene yield the derivatives of the type 2-dialkyl dithiophosphato-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes  $(RO)_2P(S)S(O)$  POGO and bis-(2-thiono-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorianyl sulphide) OGOP(S)S(O) POGO.

- $1. \ (RO)_2P(S)SNH_4 + \overrightarrow{OGOP}(O)Cl \xrightarrow{C_6H_6} (RO)_2P(S)S(O) \overrightarrow{POGO} + NH_4Cl \downarrow CO$
- 2.  $\overrightarrow{OGOP}$  (S)SNH<sub>4</sub> +  $\overrightarrow{OGOP}$  (O)Cl  $\xrightarrow{C_6H_6}$   $\overrightarrow{OGOP}$  (S)S(O)  $\overrightarrow{POGO}$  + NH<sub>4</sub>Cl  $\downarrow$  (where R = i-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and G = -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>3</sub>-, -C (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>3</sub>-, and -CH<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-)

The reaction mixture has been refluxed for 5–6 h to reaction was complete. The above derivatives are light yellow viscous liquids and are soluble in common organic solvents.

#### IR SPECTRA

The characteristic IR spectral data of the above derivatives with tentative assignments of the absorption bands have been discussed (on the basis of published literature) $^{15-16}$  below (Table I).

- 1. The absorption bands present in the region of 1025–820 and 870–800 cm<sup>-1</sup> have been assigned to  $\nu(P)$ –OC and  $\nu P$ –O(C) vibrations.
- 2. A sharp absorption band present in the region of 710–600 cm $^{-1}$  has been assigned to thiophosphoryl ( $\nu P=S$ ) vibrations). <sup>13</sup>
- 3. The phosphoryl ( $\nu P=O$ ) absorption band is observed in the region of 1300–1159 cm<sup>-1</sup>, which shows a slight shift ( $\sim 30$  cm<sup>-1</sup>) towards higher wave numbers in comparison to its position in 2-chloro-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxo phosphorinanes.  $\overrightarrow{OGOP}$  (O)Cl.

ď

IABL	TABLE I IK Spectral Data of 2-Alkylene/Dialkyl Dithiophosphoato-2-Oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes	osphoato	-2-Oxo-1,3,	2-dioxapho	sphori	nanes	
S. no.	Compounds	$\nu( extbf{P}) ext{OC}$	Ring $\nu(P)OC  \nu P-O-(C)$ vibrations	Ring vibrations	0=4ν S=4ν		$^{ m \nu P-S}$
1.	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{OP}(\text{S})\text{S}(\text{O})\text{PO}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O} \end{array}$	686	865	626	654	1280	589
2.	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OP (S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	1020	849	096	699	1270	552
ю.	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP (S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	1024	298	896	647	1300	563
4.	${\rm OCH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2OP(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO}$	1025	870	965	650	1250	292
5.	${\rm OCH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2OP(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO}$	1020	862	096	645	1280	572
.9	$(C_2H_5O)_2P(S)S(O)PO(CH_3)CHCH_2CH_2O$	686	802	945	009	1270	589
7.	$(C_2H_5O)_2P(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO$	820	840	950	635	1275	610
8.	$(i-C_3H_7O)_2P(S)S(O)PO(CH_3)CHCH_2CH_2O$	878	800	396	400	1159	532
.6	$(i-C_3H_7O)_2P(S)S(O)\overset{l}{P}OCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2C\overset{l}{O}$	086	860	972	710	1280	602

4. The disappearance of the  $\nu P$  (O)Cl absorption band from the region of 650–630 cm<sup>-1</sup> supports the formation of the > (S) P–S–P(O)< chemical linkage in these derivatives.

## NMR (1H & 31P) SPECTRA

The <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectra of these derivatives shows a multiplet for  $-OCH_2$  and -OCH protons due to long-range coupling with a magnetically active phosphorus atom (Table II). In addition to the <sup>1</sup>H NMR, signals also are present due to dialkyl and alkylene protons present in the molecules.

The  $^{31}P$  chemical shift for the phosphoryl group (P=O) has been observed in the range of 0.84–3.8 ppm, which indicates the presence of pentavalent phosphorus with the phosphoryl group (P=O) with an upfield shift with respect to its position in the free OGOP (O)Cl ( $\delta$ 7–10 ppm). The thiophosphoryl (P=S) signal shows a slight negative shift ( $\delta$ 78–88 ppm) in comparison to dialkyl/alkylene dithiophophates ( $\delta$ 77–92 ppm) $^{17,18}$  ligand. On the basis of these observations, it appears that there is the formation of a >P(S)S(O)P< linkage in these derivatives.

It also has been postulated in some publications<sup>19</sup> that there is a tendancy of isomerization from S=P-S-P=O to S=P-O-P=S. On the basis of these observations, it appears that there is no possibility of isomerisation in these derivatives because of the presence of a strong phosphoryl ( $\nu$ P=O) absorption band in the region of 1300–1159 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the IR spectra as well as a <sup>31</sup>P resonance signal in the phosphoryl region 0.84–3.8 ppm. It appears that there is no possibility of isomerisation [P-S-P(O)  $\rightarrow$  P-O-P(S)] in these derivatives.

### **EXPERIMENTAL**

Solvents were dried by standard methods. Ammonium dialkyl/alkylene dithiophosphate<sup>20</sup> and 2-chloro-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes  $\overline{\text{OGOP}}$  (O)Cl were prepared by the methods reported in the literature. <sup>12</sup> Sulphur was estimated gravimetrically as barium sulphate (messenger method). <sup>21</sup> Molecular weight was determined by the Knaur Vapour Pressure Osmometer using a chloroform solution at 45°C. IR spectra were recorded in Nujol mull. (4000–200 cm<sup>-1</sup>) on an FTIR spectrophotometer model Megna-IR-550 MICOLAC-USA. Carbon and hydrogen analysis was performed on a Perkin Elemer CHN/O analyzer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded in a CDCl<sub>3</sub> solution on a 90 MHz JEOL FX 90 spectrometer using TMS as an internal reference. <sup>31</sup>P NMR were recorded in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> using H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> as an external reference

TABLE II NMR <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>31</sup>P Spectral Data of 2-Alkylene/Dialkyl Dithiophosphato-2-0xo-1,3,2dioxaphosphorinanes

S. no.	Compounds	$^{3}$	31p (δppm) P=0 (P=S)
1.	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OP(S)S(O)PO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O	1.25, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 4.12–4.76, m, 3H(-OCH <sub>2</sub> ,-OCH); 1.27, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 4.27–4.35, m, 3H(-OCH <sub>2</sub> ,-OCH)	2.9 (86.92)
.5	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & & \\ \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{OP} & (\text{S})\text{S}(\text{O})\text{POCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO} \\ \end{array}$	1.26, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 4.12–4.76, m, 5H(-OCH <sub>2</sub> ,-OCH); 1.34, s, 6H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.65, d, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> ); 4.51–5.14, m, 3H(-OCH)	3.8 (85.51)
တ်	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP (S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO 1.33, s, 6H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.58, d, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> ); 1.38, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.98–5.06m, 1H(—OCH); 1.28, s, 6H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.68, d, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> ); 4.51–5.14, m, 3H(—OCH)	1.33, s, 6H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.58, d, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> ); 1.38, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ), 4.98–5.06m, 1H(—OCH); 1.28, s, 6H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.68, d, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> ); 4.51–5.14, m, 3H(—OCH)	3.5 (85.19)
4.	$OCH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2OP(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO$	1.20, s, $6H(CH_3)$ ; 4.04, d, $4H(-OCH_2)$ ; 1.32, s, $6H(CH_3)$ ; 1.62, d, $2H(CH_2)$ ; 4.50–5.12, m, $3H(-OCH)$ .	3.1 (87.20)
5.	OCH <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OP(S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	1.22, s, $6H(CH_3)$ ; $4.12$ , $d$ , $4H(-OCH_2)$ ; $1.25$ , $d$ , $3H(CH_3)$ ; $4.10-4.67$ , m, $5H(-OCH_2,-OCH)$	2.7 (86.19)
9.	$(C_2H_5O)_2P(S)S(O)PO(CH_3)CHCH_2CH_2O$	1.28, t, $6H(CH_3)$ , $4.12-4.8$ , m, $4H(-OCH_2)$ ; $1.24$ , d, $3H(CH_3)$ ; $4.9-4.51$ , m, $5H(-OCH_2-OCH)$	1.7 (79.26)
7.	$(C_2H_5O)_2P(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO$	1.26, t, $6H(CH_3)$ , $4.10-4.7m$ , $4H(-OCH_2)$ ; $1.32$ , s, $6H(CH_3)$ ; $1.65$ , d, $2H(CH_2)$ ; $4.49-5.10$ , m, $3H(-OCH)$	0.89 (82.15)
∞.	$(i-C_3H_7O)_2P(S)S(O)PO(CH_3)CHCH_2CH_2O$	4.30–4.7, m, 6H(-OCH,-OCH <sub>2</sub> )1.20, d, 12H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 1.26, d, 3H(CH <sub>3</sub> ); 4.11–4.76, m, 5H(-OCH <sub>2</sub> -OCH); 2.04–2.61, m, 2H(CH <sub>2</sub> )	1.1 (78.27)
6.	$(\mathrm{i-C_3H_7O})_2\mathrm{P(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO}$	$4.20-4.60$ , m, $6H(-OCH, -OCH_2)$ , $1.22$ , d, $12H(CH_3)$ ; $1.34$ , s, $6H(CH_3)$ ; $1.62$ , d, $2H(CH_2)$ ; $4.49-5.12$ , m, $3H(-OCH)$	0.84 (83.01)

TABLE III Synthetic and Analytical Data of 2-Alkylene/dialkyl Dithiophosphato-2-Oxo-1.3.2-dioxaphosphorinanes

Ť	1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes			
	Reactant (g)	nt (g)	Product	Found (calcd)% $M.wt.$
S. no	S. no. OGOP(O)S(S)NH <sub>4</sub> /(RO) <sub>2</sub> P(S)SNH <sub>4</sub>	>POCI	OGOP(O)S(S)O < g, %	C H S (calcd)
.i	$\begin{array}{c} OCH_2CH_2CH(CH_3)OP(S)SNH_4 \\ (1.01) \end{array}$	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OP(O)CI (0.86)	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OP(S)S(O)PO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O (1.34) 84.27	30.12 4.98 19.89 320 (30.18) (5.03) (20.12) (318)
6.	$OCH_2CH_2CH(CH_3)OP(S)SNH_4$ (1.05)	O(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)CI (1.09)	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OP(S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO (1.54) 89.01	33.98 6.01 17.99 352 (34.68) (5.78) (18.49) (346)
က်	$OC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(S)SNH_2$ (1.16)	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)C	$ \begin{array}{lll} {\rm OC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(S)SNH_4OC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(O)CIOC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO & 39.01 & 5.98 & 16.88 \\ \hline                                 $	39.01 5.98 16.88 368 (38.50) (6.41) (17.10) (374)
4	${ m OCH_2C(CH_3)_2OP(S)SNH_4} \ (1.10)$	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)C (0.96)	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)Cl OCH <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CHOP(S)S(O)POCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO (0.96) 88.33	37.12 5.78 16.85 — (36.66) (6.11) (17.10) (360)
7.0	${ m OCH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2OP(S)SNH_4} \ (1.09)$	$OCH_2CH_2CH(CH_3)OPCI$ $(0.87)$	OCH <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OP(S)S(O)PO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O (1.38) 83.13	33.21 4.99 17.65 — (32.53) (5.42) (1849) (332)
.9	$(C_2H5O)_2P(S)SNH_4$ (1.05)	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OPCI (0.87)	(C <sub>2</sub> H5O) <sub>2</sub> P(S)S(O)PO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O (1.26) 78.51	29.92 4.93 19.64 — (30.00) (5.62) (20.01) (320)
7.	$(C_2H5O)_2P(S)SNH_4$ (1.09)	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)C	$ \begin{array}{c} {\rm OC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(O)Cl(C_2H5O)_2P(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO} \\ {\rm (0.98)} & {\rm (1.35)} \end{array} $	33.76 5.62 17.61 352 (34.68) (6.35) (18.49) (346)
∞i	$(i-C_3H7O)_2P(S)SNH_4$ (1.15)	OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )OPOCI (0.88)	$(i-C_3H70)_2P(S)S(O)PO(CH_3)CHCH_2CH_2O$ (1.32) 75.86	35.01 7.01 18.01 356 (34.48) (6.03) (18.38) (348)
6	$(i-C_3H7O)_2P(S)SNH_4$ (1.17)	OC(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHOP(O)C (0.98)	$OC(CH_3)_2CH_2(CH_3)CHOP(O)Cl$ (i— $C_3H7O)_2P(S)S(O)POCH(CH_3)CH_2(CH_3)_2CO$ (0.98) (1.37)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

(CDRI Lucknow). The experimental details of representative compounds is described below. Analytical results are summarized in Table III.

## Preparation of OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)OP(O)S (S)PO(CH<sub>3</sub>)CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O

### Bis-(5-Methyl-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanyl) Sulphide

Ammonium 1,3-butylene dithiophosphate (1.01~g) was taken in anhydrous benzene (30~mL). To this, a solution of 2-chloro [5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinane  $OCH_2CH_2CH(CH_3)OP(O)Cl$  (0.86~g) was added slowly and refluxed 5–6 h. After removing the ammonium chloride, the solvent was distilled under reduced pressure. It was a yellow sticky liquid. This procedure was adopted for the rest of the compounds. Relevant data are given in Table III.

## Preparation of OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)OP (O)S(S)(OC<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>-i)<sub>2</sub>

## 2-Isoprophyldithiophosphato [5-Methyl-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanyl] Sulphide

Ammonium diisopropyl dithiophosphate (1.15 g) was refluxed and stirred with 2-chloro [5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinane] (0.88 g) in benzene for 5–6 h. The precipitated ammonium chloride was filtered off. The solvent was removed from the filtrate under reduced pressure to obtain the desired product, a yellow sticky liquid.

#### REFERENCES

- [1] P. N. Nagar, Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon, 79, 207 (1993).
- [2] Tamio Hayashi (Sumitamo Chemicals Co. Ltd.) Japan, K. Tokyo, Chem. Abst., 133, 25255-7h (2000).
- [3] C. Silverstru and I. Haidue, Coordination Chemistry Review, 147, 117 (1996).
- [4] H. P. S. Chauhan, Coordination Chemistry Review, 173, 1 (1998).
- [5] F. Nief, Coordination Chemistry Review, **178–180**, 13 (1998).
- [6] C. Silverstru and J. E. Drake, Cooridination Chemistry Review, 223, 117 (2001).
- [7] P. N. Nagar, The Chemistry and Applications of Alkoxy, Aryloxy and Allied Derivatives of Elements (RBSA Publisher, Chapter 22, Jaipur, India, 2003), pp. 351–365.
- [8] C. Fest and K. S. Schmudt, The Chemistry of organophosphorus pesticides, 2nd ed. (Springrverlag, 1982), p. 131.
- [9] C. S. Sharma and P. N. Nagar, *Phosphorus*, Sulfur, and Silicon, 179, 1793, (2004).
- [10] A. Chaturvedi, C. S. Sharma, and P. N. Nagar, Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon, 178, 1923 (2003).
- [11] A. Zwierzak, Canadian Journal of Chemistry, 45, 2501 (1967).
- [12] W. Stec and A. Zwierzak, Canadian Journal of Chemistry, 45, 2513 (1967).

- [13] D. E. C. Corbridge, Phosphorus on Outlines of Its Chemistry, Biochemistry, and Technology, 3rd ed. (Elesvier, New York, Chapter 7, 1985), pp. 415–423.
- [14] B. A. Khaskin, Russian Chemical Reviews, 53, 768 (1984).
- [15] H. P. S. Chauhan, G. Srivastava, and R. C. Mehrotra, Polyhedron, 3, 1337 (1984).
- [16] C. P. Bhasin, G. Srivastava, and R. C. Mehrotra, Inorg. Chem. Acta, 128, 69 (1987).
- [17] J. S. Yadav, R. K. Mehrotra, and G. Srivastava, Inorg. Chemica Acta, 162, 227 (1989).
- [18] K. S. Buruzik and W. J. Stec, Biophosphate and Their Analogus (Elesvier, Amsterdam, 1987).
- [19] R. Van Wazer, F. Callis, N. Schoolery, and C. Jones, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 78, 5715 (1989).
- [20] H. P. S. Chauhan, C.P. Bhasin, G. Srivastava, and R. C. Mehrotra, *Phosphorus and Sulfur*, 15, 99 (1983).
- [21] A. I. Vogel, A Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, 4th ed. (ELBS and Longmans, London, 1973), p. 150.